Aerial Lifts

Aerial Lift Training Hamilton - Aerial jacks are able to accommodate numerous odd jobs involving high and tough reaching spaces. Usually utilized to execute regular maintenance in structures with lofty ceilings, prune tree branches, elevate burdensome shelving units or patch up telephone lines. A ladder might also be used for many of the aforementioned jobs, although aerial lifts offer more security and strength when correctly used.

There are a lot of versions of aerial hoists available on the market depending on what the task required involves. Painters often use scissor aerial jacks for instance, which are categorized as mobile scaffolding, useful in painting trim and reaching the 2nd story and above on buildings. The scissor aerial lifts use criss-cross braces to stretch out and lengthen upwards. There is a table attached to the top of the braces that rises simultaneously as the criss-cross braces elevate.

Container trucks and cherry pickers are a different kind of aerial hoist. They contain a bucket platform on top of an elongated arm. As this arm unfolds, the attached platform rises. Forklifts use a pronged arm that rises upwards as the lever is moved. Boom lift trucks have a hydraulic arm that extends outward and hoists the platform. Every one of these aerial lifts call for special training to operate.

Training courses presented through Occupational Safety & Health Association, acknowledged also as OSHA, deal with safety procedures, system operation, maintenance and inspection and machine cargo capacities. Successful completion of these training courses earns a special certified certificate. Only properly qualified people who have OSHA operating licenses should operate aerial lifts. The Occupational Safety & Health Organization has developed guidelines to maintain safety and prevent injury when using aerial platform lifts. Common sense rules such as not utilizing this piece of equipment to give rides and making sure all tires on aerial platform lifts are braced so as to prevent machine tipping are mentioned within the rules.

Unfortunately, statistics illustrate that more than 20 operators pass away each year when operating aerial lifts and 8% of those are commercial painters. Most of these mishaps are due to inappropriate tire bracing and the hoist falling over; therefore several of these deaths had been preventable. Operators should make certain that all wheels are locked and braces as a critical safety precaution to prevent the machine from toppling over.

Other suggestions include marking the surrounding area of the machine in an obvious manner to safeguard passers-by and to guarantee they do not approach too close to the operating machine. It is imperative to ensure that there are also 10 feet of clearance between any utility lines and the aerial lift. Operators of this machinery are also highly recommended to always have on the appropriate security harness when up in the air.